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ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. FIRST NAMED INVENTOR CONFIRMATION NO. APPLICATION NO. **FILING DATE** GEMS8081.055 4528 09/747,647 12/22/2000 Aman Gupta **EXAMINER** 27061 7590 03/08/2004 ZIOLKOWSKI PATENT SOLUTIONS GROUP, LLC (GEMS) MCCLELLAN, JAMES S 14135 NORTH CEDARBURG ROAD PAPER NUMBER ART UNIT MEQUON, WI 53097 3627

DATE MAILED: 03/08/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

·	Application	Applicant(s)
	Application	
Office Action Summary The MAILING DATE of this communication a	09/747,647	GUPTA ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit 3627
	James S McClellan	1 0 0 0
Period for Reply	audii appears dii tile cover sheet w	un the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commun - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statu - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply wi Any reply received by the Office later than three months after earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a nication. days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thir tory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON ill, by statute, cause the application to become Al	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed 2a) This action is FINAL. 3) Since this application is in condition for closed in accordance with the practice 	o) This action is non-final. or allowance except for formal mat	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the appear 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-21 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction	withdrawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		•
9) The specification is objected to by the 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objecti Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the 11) The oath or declaration is objected to be	a) accepted or b) objected to ion to the drawing(s) be held in abeyang or correction is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		• *
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority do 2. Certified copies of the priority do 3. Copies of the certified copies of application from the International	ocuments have been received. ocuments have been received in A f the priority documents have been al Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No received in this National Stage
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or Paper No(s)/Mail Date	O-948) Paper No(Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Amendment

1. Applicant's submittal of an amendment was entered on December 18, 2003, wherein:

claims 1-21 are pending and

claims 1 and 4 have been amended.

Numbering of Claims

2. The claims have been renumbered because Applicant skipped claim number 12.

Therefore all claim numbers following claim 11 have been reduced by one. For example, claim 13 is now claim 12.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 5,809,479 (Martin et al.) in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,322,502 (Schoenberg et al.).

Martin et al. discloses a method of reporting status of work in progress, comprising the steps of periodically querying a database that contains order data (see column 2, lines 30-38); comparing a promise data and a request data (see column 4, lines 54-65).

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. Martin fails to disclose setting and displaying alerts when processing of an order is after a predetermined time period.

Schoenberg et al. discloses a database monitoring function that allows a user to be alerted when an order is late (see column 5, lines 39-47)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Martin et al. with status monitoring as taught by Schoenberg et al., because status monitoring reminds the user that a order has not been completed and action needs to be taken to correct the delay.

The Examiner takes Official Notice that proactive and reactive alerting systems are well known in the art and a person of ordinary skill in the art would recognize that alerting systems can be programmed as either proactive or reactive as desired by the user.

Regarding claim 8, Martin et al. discloses modifying the promise date and notifying a customer of the change (see paragraph bridging columns 3 and 4).

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed December 18, 2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

On page 7, second paragraph, Applicant notes that the specification has been amended to correct a typographical error. The objection of the specification is withdrawn.

On page, 7, third paragraph, Applicant traverses the rejection of claims 1-21 under 35 U.S.C. § 103 of Martin in view of Schoenberg because Applicant traverses the Examiner's use of Official Notice. The Examiner did not intend to rely on Official Notice as part of the rejection as

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clearly indicated in the rejection. The rejection is a 35 U.S.C. § 103 of Martin in view of Schoenberg. The Examiner's statement of Official Notice is merely meant to establish what the Examiner believes to be old and well known in the art to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made. All limitations are supported by the combination of Martin in view of Schoenberg. Martin discloses reactive alerting and Schoenberg discloses proactive alerting.

On pages 7-8, Applicant continues to traverse the Examiner's use of Official Notice. As set forth above, the Examiner's use of Official Notice is meant as the grounds of the rejection, but as a general statement that both proactive and reactive alerts are well known (as taught by Martin and Schoenberg). Applicant request that the Examiner cite a reference to support his position. As set forth in the rejection, Martin and Schoenberg are cited for disclosing all claimed elements.

In response to applicant's argument on page 9, first paragraph that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971). In this case Schoenberg teaches proactive monitoring or "reminders", as well as, tracking orders reactively (see column 5, lines 39-48). The motivation to combine comes directly from Schoenberg, wherein both reactive and proactive alerts are taught. Proactive alerts provide the user with a reminder that action needs to be taken in order to correct the delay.

On page 9, final paragraph - page 10, first full paragraph, Applicant argues that Martin is directed to reactive alerting. The Examiner agrees. Hence, the Examiner relies on the combination of Martin and Schoenberg to disclose all claimed elements. Schoenberg discloses proactive notification (see column 5, lines 39-48).

On page 10, second full paragraph, Applicant argues that Martin fails to disclose a system that populates a database and periodically query the database as required by claims 9 and 11. Specifically, Applicant states that Martin database is populated by user inputs, not the system. It is noted that Applicant failed to provider support for his statement that Martin manually inputs data into a database. The Examiner disagrees with Applicant's argument. First, even if Martin manually types order and shipping information into an input device (such as a keyboard), the system is going to populate the database with the data, not the user. Martin discloses populating a database with data to include a request data as "calculated" in step 22. Clearly the system is utilized to calculate the request date. Additionally, the ship date is "calculated" in step 26. Therefore, Martin's system is utilized to populate a database.

Conclusion

6. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a)

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will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the

statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final

action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Jim McClellan whose telephone number is (703) 305-0212. The

examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 9:30 to 6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Robert Olszewski, can be reached at (703) 308-5183.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patent and Trademarks

Washington D.C. 20231

or faxed to:

(703) 872/9306 (Official communications) or

(703) 746-3516 (Informal/Draft communications).

Hand delivered responses should be brought to Crystal Park 5, 2451 Crystal Drive,

Arlington, VA, 7th floor receptionist.

James S. McClellan

Primary Examiner

A.U. 3627

ism

March 5, 2004